

STATE OF MAINE
126TH LEGISLATURE
FIRST REGULAR SESSION



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

**JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND
NATURAL RESOURCES**

July 2013

STAFF:

SUSAN Z. JOHANNESMAN, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST
OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
13 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, ME 04333
(207) 287-1670

MEMBERS:

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Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

LD 7 An Act To Equalize the Premiums Imposed on the Sale of Motor Vehicle Oil

**ACCEPTED
MAJORITY
(ONTP) REPORT**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
HARVELL	ONTP OTP-AM	

This bill amends the law relating to the waste motor oil revenue fund by equalizing the premium for all motor vehicle oil, regardless of the container size, at 35¢ per gallon.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-44)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee and incorporates a fiscal note.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 28 An Act To Reduce Air Pollution from Trains

**LEAVE TO
WITHDRAW**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
GERZOFSKY DION		

This bill prohibits the operation of diesel-powered locomotives in a manner that causes or contributes to air pollution in the State and prohibits the unnecessary idling of diesel-powered locomotives for longer than 30 minutes. It also directs the Department of Environmental Protection to submit to the United States Environmental Protection Agency a revision to the state implementation plan that incorporates these provisions, and delays the prohibition until 30 days after notification from the department that the United States Environmental Protection Agency has approved the revision.

LD 105 An Act To Allow Motor Fuel Containing Five Percent Ethanol To Be Sold in the State

**DIED BETWEEN
HOUSES**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
TIMBERLAKE MASON G	ONTP OTP	

This bill allows a distributor, blender or retail dealer of gasoline in the State to sell, consign or distribute, in addition to any other gasoline offered, gasoline containing only 5% ethanol.

LD 115 An Act To Join in a Prohibition on Motor Fuel Containing Corn-based Ethanol

PUBLIC 249

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
TIMBERLAKE MASON G	OTP ONTP	S-105 MASON G

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

This bill prohibits the sale of motor fuel that contains corn-based ethanol if at least two other New England states pass a similar prohibition.

Senate Amendment "A" (S-105)

This amendment changes the number of states required for the corn-based ethanol prohibition to take effect from two other New England states to ten states or a number of states with a collective population of 30,000,000.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 249 prohibits the sale of motor fuel that contains corn-based ethanol if at least 10 states or a number of states with a collective population of 30,000,000 pass a similar prohibition.

LD 124 An Act To Amend the Bottle Redemption Laws ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SHERMAN	ONTP	

This bill allows the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to license up to two redemption centers for a municipality with a population of no more than 5,000 upon approval by the governing body of the municipality. Currently, department rules allow only one redemption center to be licensed in a municipality with a population of 5,000 or less.

LD 141 Resolve, Directing the Department of Environmental Protection To RESOLVE 43
Develop Quantitative Odor Management Standards

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
FREDETTE CUSHING	OTP-AM ONTP	H-144 S-89 SAVIELLO

This resolve requires the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt odor management standards that can be quantitatively measured for septage and wastewater treatment sludge processing facilities.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-144)

This amendment, which is the majority report of the committee, adds a date by which the Department of Environmental Protection is required to adopt rules under the resolve (March 15, 2014). The amendment also directs the department to submit a summary of the rules to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources by March 30, 2014.

Senate Amendment "A" (S-89)

This amendment clarifies that the rules required by the resolve are directed at facilities that process wastewater treatment sludge from publicly owned treatment works and facilities that process septage.

Enacted Law Summary

Resolve 2013, chapter 43 requires the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt rules containing odor management standards that can be quantitatively measured for facilities that process wastewater treatment sludge from publicly owned treatment works and facilities that process septage. The department is required to adopt the rules by March 15, 2014 and to submit a summary of the rules to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources by March 30, 2014.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

LD 157 An Act To Modify Administration of the Fund Insurance Review Board PUBLIC 22

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
WELSH BOYLE	OTP	

This bill changes the duties of the Fund Insurance Review Board to require that the board will no longer consult with or contract for assistance with the Finance Authority of Maine but rather with the Department of Environmental Protection.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 22 changes the duties of the Fund Insurance Review Board to require that the board will no longer consult with or contract for assistance with the Finance Authority of Maine but rather with the Department of Environmental Protection.

LD 261 An Act To Provide That a Distributor, Blender or Retail Dealer of Motor Fuel May Not Be Required To Sell, Consign or Distribute Motor Fuel Containing Ten Percent or More Ethanol ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
JACKSON T	ONTP	

This bill provides that a distributor, blender or retail dealer of motor fuel may not be required to sell, consign or distribute motor fuel containing 10% or more ethanol.

LD 331 Resolve, To Expand Economic Development in the Town of Orrington by Releasing Certain Riverfront Land from State-imposed Environmental Restrictions CARRIED OVER

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAMPBELL R YOUNGBLOOD		

This resolve directs the Department of Environmental Protection to release all department-imposed development restrictions on certain portions of the former HoltraChem Manufacturing Company site that are not targeted for cleanup and remediation under clean-up orders of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the Board of Environmental Protection.

This bill was carried over to any special or regular session of the 126th Legislature by joint order, H.P. 1145, as amended by H-B (H-580) and H-C (H-582).

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

LD 336 An Act Relating to Clean Water Certification by the Department of Environmental Protection

**ACCEPTED
MAJORITY
(ONTP) REPORT**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SHAW PLUMMER	ONTP OTP-AM	

This bill adds an additional step to the process for Department of Environmental Protection and Maine Land Use Planning Commission approval of water quality certifications for existing and proposed hydropower projects. The bill requires the department or commission to submit provisionally approved water quality certifications to the Legislature for review and approval by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over environmental and natural resources matters and the Legislature. The review process is similar to legislative review of major substantive rules. The provisions of the bill apply retroactively to August 1, 2011.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-208)

This amendment, which is the minority report of the committee, replaces the bill. The amendment requires the Department of Environmental Protection to notify the public, municipalities, interested persons and applicable state agencies whenever the department accepts an application for a water quality certification for an existing or proposed hydropower project under the licensing jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, receives a substantial revision to an application or makes a substantial revision to a draft decision of the department. The amendment requires the department to hold a public meeting if one is requested and it directs the department to adopt major substantive rules to define "substantial revision." It also adds an appropriations and allocations section.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 365 An Act To Define "Contaminant" in the Laws Governing Toxic Chemicals in Children's Products

ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
HAMPER SANDERSON	ONTP	

This bill amends the laws governing toxic chemicals in children's products to define the term "contaminant" as used in those laws.

LD 373 An Act To Provide Clarity to Priority Chemical Reporting Requirements

PUBLIC 232

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
HAMPER HARLOW	OTP	

This bill amends the current law regarding the reporting requirement for children's products that contain priority chemicals by requiring that manufacturers or distributors provide notice within 30 days to the Department of Environmental Protection when the product is sold in the State after the initial 180-day reporting period ends.

Enacted Law Summary

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

Public Law 2013, chapter 232 amends the current law regarding the reporting requirement for children's products that contain priority chemicals by requiring that manufacturers or distributors provide notice within 30 days to the Department of Environmental Protection when the product is sold in the State after the initial 180-day reporting period ends.

LD 432 An Act To Amend the Gifting of Land Exemption under the Subdivision Laws ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
JOHNSON C HARLOW	ONTP	

This bill amends the subdivision law exemption for gifts to relatives by removing the requirement that the donor of the gifted property must have held the property for a continuous period of 5 years prior to the division by gift. The bill also provides that if property that is exempt from the subdivision law pursuant to the gifts to relatives exemption is transferred within 10 years of when the property was acquired by the donor, a lot is created for purposes of the subdivision law.

LD 437 An Act To Amend the State General Permit Process for Tidal Power To Remove a Conflict with a Federal Permit Requirement PUBLIC 177

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
THIBODEAU MAKER	OTP-AM	S-62

Currently, an applicant for a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project must file an application with the Department of Environmental Protection that contains a copy of an environmental assessment issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission that includes a finding of no significant environmental impact. This bill allows the department to accept an application prior to the FERC's issuance of a finding of no significant environmental impact. The bill also requires the department to notify an applicant within 60 days of its acceptance of the application for processing or within 30 days of the FERC's issuance of a finding of no significant environmental impact, whichever occurs later.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-62)

This amendment corrects terminology in the bill related to the Department of Environmental Protection's acceptance of an application for a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project as complete for processing.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 177 allows the Department of Environmental Protection to accept an application for a tidal energy demonstration project as complete for processing prior to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's issuance of a finding of no significant environmental impact. It also requires the department of notify an applicant within 60 days of its acceptance of the application as complete for processing or within 30 days of the FERC's issuance of a finding of no significant environmental impact, whichever occurs later.

LD 453 An Act To Prohibit the Sale of Gasoline That Contains Corn-based Ethanol as an Additive at a Level Greater than 10 Percent by Volume PUBLIC 69

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
LONG SAVIELLO	OTP-AM	H-56

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

This bill prohibits the sale of gasoline that contains ethanol as an additive at a level greater than 10% by volume, if at least 2 other New England states enact laws that prohibit such sales.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-56)

This amendment clarifies that the ethanol referred to in the bill is corn-based ethanol.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 69 prohibits the sale of gasoline that contains corn-based ethanol as an additive at a level greater than 10% by volume, if at least 2 other New England states enact laws that prohibit such sales.

LD 470 An Act Regarding Working Waterfront Projects

PUBLIC 231

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
WELSH MAZUREK	OTP-AM	H-302

This bill defines "working waterfront activity" and "working waterfront land" for the purpose of exempting working waterfront activities from certain provisions under the Natural Resources Protection Act. The bill also provides flexibility under the mandatory shoreland zoning laws for the clearing of land associated with working waterfront activities and project sites requiring remediation due to contamination.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-302)

This amendment replaces the bill. It amends the standards for clearing of vegetation in the laws governing shoreland zoning and provides exceptions to those standards. It amends the Natural Resources Protection Act by amending the definition in the bill of "working waterfront activity" and exempting from compensation requirements working waterfront activities on working waterfront land that is part of a brownfields program or a voluntary response action program.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 231 amends the standards for clearing of vegetation in the laws governing shoreland zoning and provides exceptions to those standards. It amends the Natural Resources Protection Act by adding a definition of "working waterfront activity" and exempting from compensation requirements working waterfront activities on working waterfront land that is part of a brownfields program or a voluntary response action program.

LD 596 An Act To Help Small Businesses and Promote Tourism by Allowing the Construction of a Deck over a River within a Downtown Revitalization Project

PUBLIC 140

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
PARRY DUTREMBLE	OTP-AM	H-137

This bill provides that construction of a platform or walkway or deck over a river or marshland may be exempt from the Department of Environmental Protection's rules relative to significant wildlife habitat under certain conditions, including if the affected municipal government finds that the platform, walkway or deck would not negatively affect any significant wildlife habitat and the project is approved by local referendum.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-137)

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This amendment replaces the bill. The amendment allows the construction of a deck of up to 700 square feet in area over a river without meeting certain otherwise applicable water and wetland setback requirements if the proposed deck will be located within a downtown revitalization project and is either attached to or accessory to a use in a structure that was built prior to 1971.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 140 allows the construction of a deck of up to 700 square feet in area over a river without meeting certain otherwise applicable water and wetland setback requirements if the proposed deck will be located within a downtown revitalization project and is either attached to or accessory to a use in a structure that was built prior to 1971.

LD 641 An Act To Exempt Agriculture, Timber Harvesting and Public Employees from Certain Oversight in Shoreland Areas

**PUBLIC 242
EMERGENCY**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO BLACK	OTP-AM	S-164

This bill provides for an exemption from the current law governing excavation activity in a shoreland zone. Current law requires an excavation contractor conducting excavation activity in a shoreland area to ensure that a person certified in erosion control practices is present at the site during earth-moving activity of one cubic yard or more. The bill provides that farmers using normal tilling practices are exempt from that requirement.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-164)

This amendment replaces the bill. It exempts persons engaged in agriculture or timber harvesting and certain municipal, state and federal employees from the law requiring that a person certified in erosion control practices be present during certain earth-moving activity in a shoreland area. It also adds a definition of "agriculture" to the laws governing mandatory shoreland zoning.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 242 exempts persons engaged in agriculture or timber harvesting and certain municipal, state and federal employees from the law requiring that a person certified in erosion control practices be present during certain earth-moving activity in a shoreland area. It also adds a definition of "agriculture" to the laws governing mandatory shoreland zoning.

Public Law 2013, chapter 242 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 12, 2013.

LD 642 An Act To Exempt All-terrain Vehicle Trail Management from Storm Water Management Requirements

PUBLIC 43

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO	OTP	

Current law exempts from review by the Department of Environmental Protection for a storm water permit a project that involves the development, construction and maintenance of the statewide snowmobile trail system as long as certain criteria are met. This bill extends that same exemption to all-terrain vehicle trails.

Enacted Law Summary

Current law exempts from review by the Department of Environmental Protection for a storm water permit a project

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that involves the development, construction and maintenance of the statewide snowmobile trail system as long as certain criteria are met. Public Law 2013, chapter 43 extends that same exemption to all-terrain vehicle trails.

LD 674 An Act To Clarify the Natural Resources Protection Act ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
LIBBY A COLLINS	ONTP	

This bill changes to 75 feet the setback for significant vernal pool habitat, high and moderate value inland waterfowl and wading bird habitat and shorebird nesting, feeding and staging areas. It also provides a mechanism to compensate landowners for the property value losses incurred as a result of more stringent setback or buffer zone regulations.

**LD 694 An Act To Clarify Solid Waste Policy Relating to State-owned Disposal PUBLIC 243
Facilities**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAIN DILL	OTP-AM	S-220

This bill:

1. Amends the declaration of policy in the laws governing waste management to provide that the Legislature finds that the highest and best use of a state-owned solid waste facility is for those permitted special wastes that cannot be handled by waste reduction, reuse and recycling;
2. Provides that a change in the type or volume of waste accepted by a facility requires approval by the Department of Environmental Protection and a public benefit determination;
3. Amends the laws governing public benefit determinations for solid waste disposal facilities; and
4. Applies to licenses or permits pending on the effective date of the Act.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-220)

This amendment replaces the bill. It provides that the Department of Environmental Protection may not process or act on an application for a new, modified or amended solid waste license for a solid waste disposal facility acquired by the State after January 1, 2007 until the facility has applied for and received a public benefit determination from the department. It provides that a solid waste disposal facility owned by the State before January 1, 2007 is deemed to hold a public benefit determination for the licensed disposal capacity at the facility on the effective date of the Act. In addition, for such facilities owned by the State before January 1, 2007, it authorizes the department to require an application for a modified public benefit determination if the department finds that a material change in the underlying facts or circumstances has occurred or is proposed. The amendment also clarifies that, regardless of the date of state ownership, the department may not process or act upon any application to expand a facility until the facility has applied for and received a public benefit determination.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 243 provides that the Department of Environmental Protection may not process or act on an application for a new, modified or amended solid waste license for a solid waste disposal facility acquired by the State after January 1, 2007 until the facility has applied for and received a public benefit determination from the

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department. It provides that a solid waste disposal facility owned by the State before January 1, 2007 is deemed to hold a public benefit determination for the licensed disposal capacity at the facility on the effective date of the Act. In addition, for such facilities owned by the State before January 1, 2007, it authorizes the department to require an application for a modified public benefit determination if the department finds that a material change in the underlying facts or circumstances has occurred or is proposed. It also clarifies that, regardless of the date of state ownership, the department may not process or act upon any application to expand a facility until the facility has applied for and received a public benefit determination.

LD 695 An Act To Amend the Site Location of Development Laws

PUBLIC 183

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
BOYLE BLACK	OTP-AM OTP ONTP	S-91

This bill exempts from review under the laws governing site location of development new construction at or modification of an existing licensed development that is permitted if the additional disturbed area not to be revegetated does not exceed 20,000 square feet ground area in any calendar year and does not exceed 40,000 square feet ground area in total and the construction or modification does not involve a division of the parcel of land. The permittee is required to annually notify the Department of Environmental Protection of any new construction or modification undertaken during the previous 12 months. At the time of the annual notification, the permittee is required to provide to the department certified development plans for the new construction or modification that was undertaken pursuant to the exemption.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-91)

The bill exempts from review under the laws governing site location of development new construction at or modification of an existing licensed development that is permitted if the additional disturbed area not to be revegetated does not exceed 20,000 square feet ground area in any calendar year and does not exceed 40,000 square feet ground area in total and the construction or modification does not involve a division of the parcel of land. This amendment is the majority report of the committee and changes the square footage limits to 10,000 square feet ground area in any calendar year and 20,000 square feet ground area in total.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 183 exempts from review under the laws governing site location of development new construction at or modification of an existing licensed development that is permitted if the additional disturbed area not to be revegetated does not exceed 10,000 square feet ground area in any calendar year and does not exceed 20,000 square feet ground area in total and the construction or modification does not involve a division of the parcel of land. The permittee is required to annually notify the Department of Environmental Protection of any new construction or modification undertaken during the previous 12 months. At the time of the annual notification, the permittee is required to provide to the department certified development plans for the new construction or modification that was undertaken pursuant to the exemption.

**LD 735 Resolve, Directing the Department of Environmental Protection To Add
a Flame Retardant to the Lists of Chemicals of Concern and of High
Concern**

ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO	ONTP	

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This resolve directs the Department of Environmental Protection to add chlorinated tris, which is a flame retardant chemical, to the list of chemicals of concern and the list of chemicals of high concern, pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, sections 1693 and 1693-A, respectively, unless the Department of Health and Human Services, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention and the Department of Environmental Protection in concurrence with the Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention, respectively, determines that chlorinated tris does not meet the statutory criteria.

LD 793 An Act Clarifying the Department of Environmental Protection's Authority Relating to Compensation for Development Activity under the Natural Resources Protection Act

**ACCEPTED
MAJORITY
(ONTP) REPORT**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAMPBELL R	ONTP OTP-AM	

This bill prohibits the Department of Environmental Protection from requiring one form of compensation for damages to wetlands or certain bird habitats resulting from a proposed development activity under the Natural Resources Protection Act if the applicant proposing the activity prefers an alternative form of compensation.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-143)

This amendment, which is the minority report of the committee, replaces the bill. The amendment clarifies that the Department of Environmental Protection may not require compensation in the form of restoration, enhancement, creation or preservation if an applicant provides a compensation fee and may not require a compensation fee if an applicant chooses to provide compensation in the form of restoration, enhancement, creation or preservation.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 794 An Act To Amend Setback Requirements and Standards Related to Species Migration under the Laws Regulating Development near Vernal Pools

CARRIED OVER

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAMPBELL R BOYLE		

This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill proposes to amend the laws regulating significant vernal pool habitat to account for species migration patterns. The bill proposes to change the area that is regulated as significant vernal pool habitat and the standards for development within the area regulated. Currently, pursuant to rules of the Department of Environmental Protection adopted pursuant to the Natural Resources Protection Act, the area regulated as significant vernal pool habitat includes the vernal pool depression and the area within a 250-foot radius of the spring or fall high-water mark of the depression.

This bill was carried over to any special or regular session of the 126th Legislature by joint order, H.P. 1145, as amended by H-B (H-580) and H-C (H-582).

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LD 824 Resolve, Directing the Department of Environmental Protection To ONTP
Develop a Rural Land Use Development Process

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAMPBELL J COLLINS	ONTP	

This resolve directs the Department of Environmental Protection to develop a rural land use development process that would exempt from state regulation the development in rural areas of certain land within significant wildlife habitat.

LD 825 Resolve, To Study Climate Change and Implement the VETO
Recommendations of the Department of Environmental Protection SUSTAINED
Report on Climate Change

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
NOON GRATWICK	OTP-AM ONTP	H-374

This resolve directs the Department of Environmental Protection to resume its study on climate change pursuant to Resolve 2009, chapter 16 and to submit a completed plan with necessary implementing legislation by February 27, 2015 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over environmental and natural resources matters. The joint standing committee is authorized to submit a bill to the First Regular Session of the 127th Legislature.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-374)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee and replaces the resolve. The amendment directs staff with planning expertise within the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, within existing resources, to participate in a work group with other state agencies and interested parties to develop a plan to address high-priority recommendations provided in the report titled "People and Nature Adapting to a Changing Climate: Charting Maine's Course." The amendment directs the work group to submit a preliminary report by March 15, 2014 and a final report by January 15, 2015 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over environmental and natural resources matters. The joint standing committee is authorized to report out a bill to the First Regular Session of the 127th Legislature.

LD 844 Resolve, To Require a Study of the Availability of Food Packaging ONTP
without Bisphenol A

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
GIDEON CLEVELAND	ONTP	

This resolve requires the Department of Environmental Protection to determine practical and economically feasible food packaging alternatives that do not contain bisphenol A. The department is required to submit its findings to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources, which may report out legislation to the Second Regular Session of the 126th Legislature in accordance with the department's recommendations.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

LD 845 An Act To Change the Classification of the Lower Androscoggin River

**ACCEPTED
MAJORITY
(ONTP) REPORT**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
DAUGHTRY	ONTP OTP	

This bill changes from Class C to Class B the classification of the lower Androscoggin River from the Worumbo Dam in Lisbon Falls to a line formed by the extension of the Bath-Brunswick boundary across Merrymeeting Bay.

**LD 877 An Act To Establish Separate Geospatial Data Accounts for Use by the
Maine Library of Geographic Information Board**

PUBLIC 122

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO KESCHL	OTP-AM ONTP	S-64 S-87 SAVIELLO

This bill establishes the Geospatial Data Reserve Fund. The fund will be used to continue projects established by the Maine Library of Geographic Information Board. Money in the fund used to purchase geospatial data must be matched by funding from other sources.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-64)

This amendment adds an appropriations and allocations section to the bill.

Senate Amendment "A" To Committee Amendment "A" (S-87)

This amendment eliminates the Geospatial Data Reserve Fund established by the bill. Instead, this amendment specifies that separate accounts must be established for use by the Office of Information Technology, Maine Library of Geographic Information Board. The amendment also replaces the appropriations and allocations section that appears in Committee Amendment "A."

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 122 establishes within the Office of Information Technology separate accounts to be administered by the Maine Library of Geographic Information Board. The funds will be used to continue projects established by the board. Money in the accounts used to purchase geospatial data must be matched by funding from other sources.

**LD 902 Resolve, Regarding Legislative Review of Portions of Chapter 882:
Designation of Bisphenol A as a Priority Chemical and Regulation of
Bisphenol A in Children's Products, a Major Substantive Rule of the
Department of Environmental Protection**

**RESOLVE 44
EMERGENCY**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
	OTP	

This resolve provides for legislative review of portions of Chapter 882: Designation of Bisphenol A as a Priority Chemical and Regulation of Bisphenol A in Children's Products, a major substantive rule of the Department of

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

Environmental Protection.

Enacted Law Summary

Resolve 2013, chapter 44 provides for legislative review of portions of Chapter 882: Designation of Bisphenol A as a Priority Chemical and Regulation of Bisphenol A in Children's Products, a major substantive rule of the Department of Environmental Protection.

Resolve 2013, chapter 44 was finally passed as an emergency measure effective June 4, 2013.

LD 907 An Act To Encourage Recycling

ONTP

Sponsor(s)

STANLEY

Committee Report

ONTP

Amendments Adopted

This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208.

This bill proposes to impose a fee of \$15 per ton on the disposal of solid waste at solid waste disposal facilities and solid waste processing facilities. The fee is also imposed on the movement of solid waste from one solid waste facility to another solid waste facility. Under the bill, no category of solid waste may be exempted from the fee and the fee must be paid to the State. Revenue from the fee must be distributed as follows.

1. The first priority must be given to providing grants to municipalities for costs related to the fee:
 - A. For recyclable materials, a municipality may receive grants equal to 1.3 times the fee paid by the municipality for disposal of the recyclable materials;
 - B. For all other materials, a municipality may receive grants equal to the fee paid by the municipality for disposal of the materials; and
 - C. The total grants awarded to municipalities may not exceed the total revenue collected from the \$15 per ton fee.
2. Revenue in excess of municipal grants must be distributed to school districts. The amount distributed to each school district must be computed by dividing the revenue from the fee in excess of grants to municipalities by the total number of students in prekindergarten to 12th grade in the State and multiplying the quotient by the number of students in the school district.

LD 966 An Act To Clarify an Exemption to the Municipal Subdivision Laws

PUBLIC 126

Sponsor(s)

MORIARTY
KATZ

Committee Report

OTP

Amendments Adopted

This bill amends the subdivision law exemption for transfers to abutting landowners. The bill provides that a parcel of land created by a division that is transferred to an owner abutting that parcel is not subject to municipal subdivision review and regulation.

Enacted Law Summary

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

Public Law 2013, chapter 126 amends the subdivision law exemption for transfers to abutting landowners. It provides that a parcel of land created by a division that is transferred to an owner abutting that parcel is not subject to municipal subdivision review and regulation.

LD 1028 Resolve, Authorizing a Visual Impact Assessment of Roxbury Pond and Webb Lake ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
BRIGGS PATRICK	ONTP	

This resolve directs the Department of Environmental Protection to authorize a visual impact assessment be done by an independent 3rd party to review the scenic and visual attributes of Roxbury Pond in the Town of Roxbury, Oxford County and Webb Lake in the Town of Weld, Franklin County.

LD 1050 An Act Requiring the Labeling of Food Packaging That Contains Bisphenol A ACCEPTED MAJORITY (ONTP) REPORT

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
DEVIN	ONTP OTP-AM	

This bill requires that products containing bisphenol A, or BPA, that are designed to hold or contain products that are ingested or consumed by humans must be labeled as containing BPA.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-210)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee. It adds an appropriations and allocations section.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 1058 Resolve, Directing the Department of Environmental Protection To Set the Motor Vehicle Fuel Volatility Level for the State ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
LIBBY A TUTTLE	ONTP	

This bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt rules to allow gasoline with a Reid Vapor Pressure of 9.0 psi to be sold in all counties of the State year-round.

LD 1059 An Act To Protect Maine's Environment and Natural Resources Jeopardized by Mining ACCEPTED MAJORITY (ONTP) REPORT

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CHIPMAN	ONTP OTP-AM	

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

This bill repeals changes to the mining laws enacted in 2012 and scheduled to take effect June 1, 2014 and authorizes the Maine Land Use Planning Commission and the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt emergency rules as necessary.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-375)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee and incorporates a fiscal note.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 1080 An Act To Improve Efficiency in the Collection of Beverage Containers

PUBLIC 275

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
HAMPER	OTP-AM	S-116

This bill:

1. Requires that collections from redemption centers be made by a distributor or commingling group of distributors every 15 days and requires additional pickups to be made when the redemption center has more than 10,000 beverage containers from that distributor or group of distributors;
2. Establishes a process for audits of plastic bags containing beverage containers submitted for acceptance to a distributor; and
3. Provides that the licensing provisions apply to all licensed redemption centers, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-116)

This amendment strikes the provision in the bill that establishes a process for audits of plastic bags containing beverage containers submitted for acceptance to a distributor and adds a requirement that the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry adopt rules for conducting audits on containers presented to distributors by redemption centers as ready for redemption. The amendment strikes the provision in the bill relating to the counting of all redemption centers when calculating the number of centers in a municipality. The amendment retains the provisions in the bill requiring that collections from redemption centers be made every 15 days and additional pickups be made when the redemption center has more than 10,000 beverage containers. The amendment also adds an appropriations and allocations section to the bill.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 275 requires that collections from redemption centers be made by a distributor or commingling group of distributors every 15 days and requires additional pickups to be made when the redemption center has more than 10,000 beverage containers from that distributor or group of distributors. It also requires the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to adopt rules for conducting audits on containers presented to distributors by redemption centers as ready for redemption.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

**LD 1102 An Act Regarding Reconstruction of Residential Structures on Sand
Dunes**

**PUBLIC 277
EMERGENCY**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
GOODALL WELSH	OTP-AM	S-132

This bill provides standards for the reconstruction in a frontal sand dune of an existing residential structure whose entire footprint is in a back dune on the same lot.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-132)

This amendment amends the bill's emergency preamble and replaces the rest of the bill. It repeals Public Law 2011, chapter 538, section 15 and directs the Department of Environmental Protection to repeal rules adopted pursuant to that law. The bill provides statutory standards for certain reconstruction in a coastal sand dune. The amendment strikes the statutory standards proposed in the bill and instead authorizes the department to adopt new rules and identifies the standards the department must use in that rulemaking.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 277 repeals Public Law 2011, chapter 538, section 15 and directs the Department of Environmental Protection to repeal rules adopted pursuant to that law. Chapter 277 also authorizes the department to adopt new rules and identifies the standards the department must use in that rulemaking.

Public Law 2013, chapter 277 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 18, 2013.

LD 1121 An Act To Promote the Production of Maine Beverages

PUBLIC 259

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
JONES	OTP-AM	H-397

This bill expands the exemption from the returnable beverage container laws for small brewers and small bottlers of water to all manufacturers of beverages who produce no more than 50,000 gallons of product.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-397)

This amendment, which replaces the bill, retains in the returnable beverage container laws the exemptions for small bottlers and brewers and adds an exemption for small manufacturers.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 259 retains in the returnable beverage container laws the exemptions for small bottlers of water and small brewers and adds an exemption for manufacturers who produce no more than 50,000 gallons of product in a calendar year.

**LD 1135 An Act To Provide Consistency in the Regulation of Motorized
Recreational Gold Prospecting**

PUBLIC 260

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
BLACK SAVIELLO	OTP-AM	H-373

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

This bill exempts motorized recreational gold prospecting from the permit requirements of the Natural Resources Protection Act. It identifies criteria that must be met in order to undertake the activity without a permit. The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection and the Maine Land Use Planning Commission to each adopt rules identifying specific waters in which the activity is not allowed.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-373)

This amendment changes the horsepower and hose size of the equipment that may be used in motorized recreational gold prospecting. It strikes the provision of the bill that identifies waters where motorized recreational gold prospecting is prohibited and replaces it with authorization for the Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Maine Land Use Planning Commission to adopt rules identifying specific waters in which the activity is not allowed. The amendment also authorizes the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources to report out a bill related to motorized recreational gold prospecting to the Second Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 260 exempts motorized recreational gold prospecting from the permit requirements of the Natural Resources Protection Act if specified criteria are met. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Maine Land Use Planning Commission to adopt rules identifying specific waters in which the activity is not allowed. It also authorizes the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources to report out a bill related to motorized recreational gold prospecting to the Second Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

LD 1178 An Act To Encourage the Use of Biofuels in the State

PUBLIC 124

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO	OTP ONTP	

This bill requires that a seller of biomass-based diesel blend or biodiesel blend provide documentation of the amount of biofuel in the blended products at the time of sale. It provides that a transferee of these blended products is not liable for failing to verify the accuracy of the information included in any transfer document or for any other liability arising from the transferee's reliance on such information.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 124 requires that a seller of biomass-based diesel blend or biodiesel blend provide documentation of the amount of biofuel in the blended products at the time of sale. It provides that a transferee of these blended products is not liable for failing to verify the accuracy of the information included in any transfer document or for any other liability arising from the transferee's reliance on such information.

LD 1181 An Act To Further Strengthen the Protection of Pregnant Women and Children from Toxic Chemicals

**VETO
SUSTAINED**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
GOODALL EVES	OTP-AM OTP-AM	S-310 S-353 HILL

This bill amends the laws governing toxic chemicals in children's products. The bill defines "contaminant" and adds a publication of an authoritative state agency to the definition of "credible scientific evidence." The bill

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requires the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to name 2 additional priority chemicals annually beginning January 1, 2014, unless the criteria for such designation is not met. The bill requires reporting of chemical use for chemicals of high concern in children's products. The bill requires assessments of safer alternatives to priority chemicals in children's products by manufacturers or distributors. The bill repeals the exemption of food and beverage packaging not intended for children under 3 years of age. The bill authorizes the Board of Environmental Protection to require product labeling if it cannot make the findings necessary to prohibit sale of a children's product containing a priority chemical. The bill requires the department to amend its existing priority chemical rules to require alternatives assessments for reported uses of nonylphenol ethoxylates, and to require reporting of bisphenol A use in food can packaging.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-310)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee and replaces the bill. The amendment does the following.

1. It adds a publication of an authoritative state agency to the definition of "credible scientific evidence."
2. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to specify by rule the practical quantification limit for a chemical based on standard industry practice and credible scientific evidence.
3. It establishes a process for considering revisions to the lists of chemicals of concern, chemicals of high concern and priority chemicals.
4. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt rules to require reporting of chemical use for chemicals of high concern in children's products.
5. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to contract for an independent alternatives assessment for priority chemicals without first requesting one from manufacturers or distributors of children's products.
6. It requires manufacturers and distributors of food and beverage products with annual sales greater than \$1,000,000,000 to report their use of priority chemicals in containers and packaging to the Department of Environmental Protection by January 1, 2014 and annually thereafter.
7. It directs the Department of Environmental Protection to establish a 30-day period each year during which persons may submit information on the topic of toxic chemicals in children's products.
8. It requires the annual publication of the list of chemicals of high concern on the Department of Environmental Protection's publicly accessible website.
9. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to publish on the department's publicly accessible website a list of children's products that do not contain priority chemicals or chemicals of high concern.
10. It directs the Department of Environmental Protection to consult with the Department of Health and Human Services, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention by January 3, 2014 to review information regarding chemicals in children's products and consider appropriate actions. It also authorizes the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources to report out a bill relating to a briefing by the department on the laws governing toxic chemicals in children's products.
11. It adds an appropriations and allocations section.

Committee Amendment "B" (S-311)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee and replaces the bill. The amendment does the following.

1. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to specify by rule an alternatives analysis threshold for

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a chemical for the purpose of determining the de minimis level of the chemical.

2. It establishes a process for considering revisions to the lists of chemicals of high concern and priority chemicals.
3. It establishes a process for petitioning for removal of a chemical from the list of chemicals of high concern.
4. It authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to contract for an independent alternatives assessment for priority chemicals without first requesting one from manufacturers or distributors of children's products.
5. It directs the Department of Environmental Protection to establish a 30-day period each year during which persons may submit information on the topic of toxic chemicals in children's products.
6. It requires the annual publication of the list of chemicals of high concern on the Department of Environmental Protection's publicly accessible website.
7. It directs the Department of Environmental Protection to consult with the Department of Health and Human Services, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention by January 3, 2014 to review information regarding chemicals in children's products and consider appropriate actions. It also authorizes the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources to report out a bill relating to a briefing by the department on the laws governing toxic chemicals in children's products.
8. It adds an appropriations and allocations section.

This amendment was not adopted.

Senate Amendment "A" To Committee Amendment "A" (S-353)

This amendment eliminates the fiscal impact of Committee Amendment "A" on the Department of Environmental Protection by:

1. Deleting the mandate that the department respond to petitions from industry to establish alternative reporting thresholds for chemicals in products;
2. Deleting the mandate that the department respond to information submitted in support of adding chemicals to the lists of chemicals of concern, chemicals of high concern and priority chemicals;
3. Deleting the mandate that the department expand its education and assistance program and consult with the Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention to review available information and consider further actions on chemicals in children's products;
4. Preventing the department from exercising its expanded discretionary authority before July 1, 2015 to adopt rules to require manufacturers and distributors to report to the State on their use of chemicals of high concern in children's products;
5. Limiting the scope of reporting of priority chemicals in food and beverage packaging to only the largest manufacturers by deleting "distributors" from the reporting requirements; and
6. Requiring the department to carry out the remaining provisions of the bill within existing resources and through use of its existing authority to assess fees on product manufacturers and distributors.

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LD 1186 An Act To Allow Removal of Trees for Shoreline Stabilization Adjacent to Coastal Wetlands under the Natural Resources Protection Act ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAMPBELL R MASON G	ONTP	

This bill provides an exemption to the permitting requirements of the Natural Resources Protection Act. It allows for the cutting or clearing of a shrub, tree or other woody vegetation without a permit if the shrub, tree or other woody vegetation has the condition of being naturally uprooted or partially uprooted and this condition threatens sedimentation in or the stability or erosion of a shoreline of a coastal wetland.

LD 1212 An Act To Prohibit Coal Tar Pavement Products ACCEPTED MAJORITY (ONTP) REPORT

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
DAUGHTRY MILLETT	ONTP OTP	

This bill prohibits the sale and use of coal tar pavement products.

LD 1292 An Act To Minimize the Use of Plastic Bags ACCEPTED MAJORITY (ONTP) REPORT

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
MCGOWAN	ONTP OTP-AM	

This bill requires a retailer to assess a 10¢ surcharge for a plastic bag designed for one-time use distributed to a customer at the point of retail sale. A retailer retains 2¢ from the surcharge for administrative costs. The revenues from the plastic bag surcharge are credited to the Plastics Recycling Fund administered by the Department of Environmental Protection for the purpose of promoting recycling efforts related to plastics. A retailer may provide recyclable paper bags to bag products at the point of sale. A retailer must provide reusable bags for purchase by a customer.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-246)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee. It changes from 10¢ to 5¢ the surcharge the bill requires a retailer to assess for a plastic bag designed for one-time use and distributed to a customer at the point of retail sale. The amendment also adds an appropriations and allocations section.

This amendment was not adopted.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

LD 1302 An Act To Amend the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act To Protect Water Quality

DIED BETWEEN HOUSES

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
MCCABE WOODBURY	OTP-AM OTP-AM	

This bill makes changes to the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act.

1. It prohibits the Department of Environmental Protection from issuing a permit for surface or open pit mining in a sulfide ore body unless the applicant has previously operated a mining operation that meets certain conditions. It also requires the department to submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over metallic mineral mining matters recommending whether or not the prohibition should be repealed. The report must be submitted within 3 months after the department has issued a permit for surface or open pit mining of a sulfide ore body.
2. It amends the approval criteria related to water quality by requiring that discharges of pollutants from the mining operation will not violate applicable water quality standards and it prohibits the issuance of a permit if the mining operation will result in the contamination of groundwater or surface water requiring treatment beyond 10 years after cessation of mining operations.
3. It amends the standards for monitoring groundwater.
4. It requires financial assurance to be fulfilled through creation of a trust fund.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-304)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee and replaces the bill. The amendment:

1. Includes a definition of "activity unit";
2. Provides that a mining area may include more than one activity unit;
3. Requires that compliance monitoring wells be located as close as physically practicable to an activity unit being monitored for groundwater contamination;
4. Removes a directive to the Department of Environmental Protection to establish standards for monitoring groundwater as close as practicable to any mining area that may pose a threat to groundwater;
5. Amends approval criteria to provide that discharges to groundwater may occur within an activity unit. It strikes the current law that provides that discharges to groundwater may occur within a mining area, but such discharges may not result in contamination of groundwater beyond each mining area;
6. Requires an application to include assurance that the mining operation will meet all state and federal environmental requirements without requiring water treatment beyond 10 years after closure;
7. Adds to the approval criteria to require that the department find the mining operation is designed to meet all state and federal environmental requirements without requiring water treatment beyond 10 years after closure;
8. Requires an application to include a waste rock management plan;

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- 9. Adds to the approval criteria to require that the department find the mining operation is designed to ensure that waste rock is not used in the construction of roads;
- 10. Requires an application to include information related to the number and types of jobs expected to be created;
- 11. For an application for a mining operation in a sulfide ore body, requires an application to include information related to 3 responsible mining operations;
- 12. Requires an application to include an estimate of the costs to close the mining operation, including estimated costs sufficient for the department to undertake the activities and measures specified in the financial assurance requirements, and a 3rd-party verification of the adequacy of the estimate;
- 13. Amends the financial assurance provisions to require that financial assurance must be provided before any construction may begin;
- 14. Provides that the financial assurance instruments must provide the total amount of the required financial assurance upon demand of the State to cover the costs for activities necessary for the investigation, monitoring, closure, treatment, remediation, reclamation, operation and maintenance and any other necessary environmental protection measures;
- 15. Requires a permittee to provide the department with notice prior to the expiration of a financial assurance instrument and the renewal and execution of an instrument; and
- 16. Requires the establishment of a standby trust fund, except when a trust is the financial assurance instrument used.

This amendment was not adopted.

Committee Amendment "B" (H-305)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee and replaces the bill. The amendment authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to use outside parties to review applications for mining permits. It requires an applicant to submit a mining operations closure plan that demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department that applicable environmental requirements will be met without requiring more than 30 years of active water treatment for water discharged from the site. It specifies that a waste rock management plan must be submitted with an application.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 1308 An Act To Establish a Stewardship Program for Architectural Paint

PUBLIC 395

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO	OTP-AM ONTP	S-270 S-296 SAVIELLO

This bill establishes a product stewardship program for architectural paints sold in the State. Under the program, consumers are able to return their unused architectural paint to designated locations throughout the State for recycling and proper disposal. The collection, transportation and recycling of paint is managed by architectural paint manufacturers or a designated representative organization. The program is financed by a stewardship assessment on architectural paint sold in the State.

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Committee Amendment "A" (S-270)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee. It amends provisions in the bill related to paint stewardship plans, approval of paint stewardship plans, a paint stewardship assessment and operation of a paint stewardship program. The changes include:

1. Provisions authorizing the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to approve a plan that does not meet the geographic coverage requirement in the bill;
2. Provisions related to universal waste requirements;
3. Additional annual reporting requirements;
4. Provisions for proprietary information to be designated as confidential. The provisions provide that proprietary information submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection must be handled by the department in the same manner as confidential information is handled under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 1310-B. Although section 1310-B, in part, governs the handling of confidential hazardous waste information, the reference to section 1310-B in the amendment is not intended to limit the applicability of the confidentiality provisions in the amendment to hazardous waste information but to provide a process for how proprietary information is to be handled; and
5. An exemption from requirements in other laws related to product stewardship programs.

The amendment also adds an appropriations and allocations section.

Senate Amendment "A" To Committee Amendment "A" (S-296)

This amendment specifies that the annual fee set by the Department of Environmental Protection for the paint stewardship program must cover the actual costs of the program, including administration. This amendment also caps the fee at the greater of \$82,000 per year and 1% of total program costs. The amendment also replaces the appropriations and allocations section in Committee Amendment "A."

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 395 establishes a product stewardship program for architectural paints sold in the State. Under the program, consumers are able to return their unused architectural paint to designated locations throughout the State for recycling and proper disposal. The collection, transportation and recycling of paint is managed by architectural paint manufacturers or a designated representative organization. The program is financed by a stewardship assessment on architectural paint sold in the State.

LD 1324 An Act To Protect Local Communities When a Mining Project Is Terminated

**ACCEPTED
MAJORITY
(ONTP) REPORT**

Sponsor(s)
KRUGER

Committee Report
ONTP
OTP-AM

Amendments Adopted

This bill returns to the Mining Oversight Fund the purposes of corrective action that were removed in amendments to the laws governing the fund, which was originally called the Mining Corrective Action Fund, that take effect in 2014, to assist municipalities remediating environmental problems that occur at mine sites following termination of mining operations.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

Committee Amendment "A" (H-303)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee and incorporates a fiscal note.

This amendment was not adopted.

LD 1335 An Act To Implement Recommendations of the Department of Environmental Protection Concerning Product Stewardship in Maine

PUBLIC 315

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
	OTP-AM	H-470

This bill is reported out by the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 1773. The bill incorporates the recommendations of the Department of Environmental Protection. The Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources has not taken a position on the substance of the recommendations or the bill. The committee is reporting the bill out for the sole purpose of turning the department's proposal into a printed bill that can be referred to the committee for an appropriate public hearing and subsequent processing in the normal course. The committee is taking this action to ensure clarity and transparency in the legislative review of the department's proposal. The bill establishes a framework for the implementation of product stewardship programs. The bill provides that a product stewardship program established for products designated by the Legislature for inclusion in a product stewardship program must be established and implemented in accordance with the provisions of the bill.

The bill also makes changes to the law concerning the recycling of cellular telephones. It repeals the requirement that retailers that sell cellular telephones accept used cellular telephones from any person. It also removes reporting requirements that ended in February 2013.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-470)

This amendment changes the reporting dates for reports related to the thermostat collection and recycling program and the mercury-added lamp recycling program and authorizes the department to include the reports in the product stewardship report in the bill. The amendment clarifies the provision in the bill related to the confidentiality of proprietary information that provides that proprietary information submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection must be handled by the department in the same manner as confidential information is handled under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 1310-B. Although section 1310-B, in part, governs the handling of confidential hazardous waste information, the reference to section 1310-B in the amendment is not intended to limit the applicability of the confidentiality provisions in the amendment to hazardous waste information but to provide a process for how the proprietary information is to be handled. The amendment also strikes the provisions in the bill that repeal the requirement for retailers to collect used cell phones and a related report and instead requires the report to be included with the product stewardship report in the bill.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 315 establishes a framework for the implementation of product stewardship programs. It provides that a product stewardship program established for products designated by the Legislature for inclusion in a product stewardship program must be established and implemented in accordance with the provisions of chapter 315. It also changes the reporting dates for reports related to the thermostat collection and recycling program and the mercury-added lamp recycling program and authorizes the department to include those reports and a report related to the collection system for used cellular telephones in the product stewardship report required pursuant to chapter 315.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

LD 1340 An Act To Ensure Maine's Preparedness for Hazardous Oil Spills

PUBLIC 349

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
TIPPING-SPITZ BOYLE	OTP-AM ONTP	H-301

This bill amends the laws governing the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund to:

1. Require a person transporting crude oil by rail or highway to pay an assessment of 3¢ per barrel of crude oil being transported; currently, the assessment is imposed only on a person transporting refined oil; and
2. Authorize the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, through rulemaking, to impose a surcharge of up to 50% of the assessment if the balance in the fund is reduced to \$2,000,000 or less and the surcharge is necessary to avoid a shortfall. The surcharge remains in place until the balance in the fund reaches \$5,000,000.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-301)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee. It strikes the provision in the bill that authorizes the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to impose a surcharge of up to 50% of the assessment paid on the transportation and transfer of oil in the State.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 349 amends the laws governing the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund to require a person transporting crude oil by rail or highway to pay an assessment of 3¢ per barrel of crude oil being transported; currently, the assessment is imposed only on a person transporting refined oil.

LD 1359 An Act To Update and Simplify Maine Gasoline Requirements

**PUBLIC 221
EMERGENCY**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
TUTTLE	OTP-AM	S-107

This bill, beginning January 1, 2014, requires a retailer who sells gasoline in York, Cumberland, Sagadahoc, Androscoggin, Kennebec, Knox or Lincoln County to sell only reformulated gasoline in those counties. It also directs the Department of Environmental Protection to study the feasibility of the use of a single type of gasoline throughout the State and report to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources by December 4, 2013. The committee may report out a bill on the subject matter of the department's report to the Second Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-107)

This amendment adds an emergency preamble and clause. The amendment changes, from January 1, 2014 to May 1, 2014, the date on and after which retailers who sell gasoline in 7 southern counties may sell only reformulated gasoline, and makes a technical change to the section number to remove a conflict with recently enacted law. The amendment retains the requirement that the Department of Environmental Protection study the feasibility of the use of a single type of gasoline throughout the State.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 221, beginning May 1, 2014, requires a retailer who sells gasoline in York,

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Cumberland, Sagadahoc, Androscoggin, Kennebec, Knox or Lincoln County to sell only reformulated gasoline in those counties. It also directs the Department of Environmental Protection to study the feasibility of the use of a single type of gasoline throughout the State and report to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources by December 4, 2013. The committee may report out a bill on the subject matter of the department's report to the Second Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

Public Law 2013, chapter 221 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 11, 2013.

LD 1362 Resolve, To Establish a Moratorium on the Transportation of Tar Sands

**VETO
SUSTAINED**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CHIPMAN GRATWICK	OTP-AM	H-428 H-543 CHIPMAN

This resolve establishes a 2-year moratorium on the transportation of petroleum products derived from bituminous sands, also known as tar sands, and directs the Department of Environmental Protection to study the potential effects on the State of the transportation of petroleum products derived from bituminous sands, including the effects on the health and safety of the public and the environment and the potential cost of remediation of an oil spill.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-428)

This amendment replaces the resolve. Currently, the Department of Environmental Protection is conducting a department-initiated review of the environmental and public health and safety risks associated with unrefined bituminous tar sands oil. This amendment requires the department to continue that review and specifies areas upon which the review must be focused. The department is directed to report by January 31, 2014 on the progress of the review to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources, and the joint standing committee is authorized to submit a bill to the Second Regular Session of the 126th Legislature. The amendment also adds an appropriations and allocations section.

House Amendment "A" To Committee Amendment "A" (H-543)

This amendment provides that the Department of Environmental Protection shall continue its current review of the handling and transportation of unrefined bituminous tar sands oil and changes the elements that are subject to review. The amendment provides that the department provide a briefing to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources rather than a report. The amendment also strikes the appropriations and allocations section in Committee Amendment "A."

LD 1363 Resolve, To Ensure Landfill Capacity and Promote Recycling

RESOLVE 46

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CHIPMAN PATRICK	OTP-AM ONTP	H-182

This bill amends the definition of waste generated in the State by providing that residue and bypass must have been generated from waste that originated in the State to be considered waste generated in the State. The bill also allows municipalities to enact ordinances with respect to solid waste facilities that contain standards that are stricter than state law. The bill also imposes a one-year moratorium on the issuance of licenses for expanded landfills. It directs the Department of Environmental Protection to study and identify best practices to reduce the amount of solid waste disposed in landfills, increase recycling of solid waste and generate revenue from recycling for municipalities. The department is required to report its findings to the Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural

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Resources.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-182)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee and replaces the bill with a resolve. The amendment imposes a moratorium on the issuance of licenses to expand solid waste disposal facilities that are landfills until after April 30, 2014. The moratorium applies to applications filed after the effective date of the legislation.

Enacted Law Summary

Resolve 2013, chapter 46 imposes a moratorium on the issuance of licenses to expand solid waste disposal facilities that are landfills until after April 30, 2014. The moratorium applies to applications filed after the effective date of chapter 46.

LD 1427 An Act To Establish a Resource and Development Coordinating Council VETO SUSTAINED

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
BOYLE PEOPLES	OTP ONTP	

This bill establishes the Resource and Development Coordinating Council to promote interagency coordination of the State's activities regarding natural resource management, land use and development and to identify and coordinate the resolution of policy and program conflicts among government agencies. The council submits a report every 2 years to the Governor and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters.

LD 1430 An Act To Clarify the Permitted Use of Aquatic Pesticides PUBLIC 193

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SAVIELLO	OTP ONTP	

This bill addresses a federal court decision under which all discharges of pesticides to waters of the United States are now required to obtain a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit. Previously certain discharges of pesticides were exempt as long as the application of the pesticide was managed in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. This bill allows the Department of Environmental Protection to issue permits for certain discharges of pesticides to waters where discharges are currently generally prohibited: Class AA, A, SA and GPA waters, tributaries of Class GPA waters and waters having a drainage area of less than 10 square miles. The discharges of pesticides that may be approved under this bill are discharges that are:

1. Unintended and an incidental result of the spraying of pesticides;
2. Applied in compliance with federal labeling restrictions; and
3. Applied in compliance with statute, Board of Pesticides Control rules and best management practices.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 193 allows the Department of Environmental Protection to issue permits for certain discharges of pesticides to waters where discharges are currently generally prohibited: Class AA, A, SA and GPA waters, tributaries of Class GPA waters and waters having a drainage area of less than 10 square miles. The

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discharges of pesticides that may be approved under this bill are discharges that are:

1. Unintended and an incidental result of the spraying of pesticides;
2. Applied in compliance with federal labeling restrictions; and
3. Applied in compliance with statute, Board of Pesticides Control rules and best management practices.

LD 1483 An Act To Promote and Enhance State Policy To Preserve and Support Existing Methods of Disposal of Municipal Solid Waste CARRIED OVER

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAIN STANLEY		

The purpose of this bill is to assist in the stabilization of the statutorily established solid waste management hierarchy, to promote and strengthen the waste management system in the State and to enhance the continued operation of the existing waste processing incineration facilities located in the State. This bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection to:

1. Impose on each licensed landfill a solid waste stabilization assessment on all solid waste, including, but not limited to, household and commercially sourced solid waste and all other material deposited at the licensed landfill;
2. Deposit solid waste stabilization assessment funds in a solid waste stabilization account within the Maine Solid Waste Management Fund;
3. Disburse the funds from the solid waste stabilization account through periodic payments to qualified municipalities and recycling and composting programs located in the State; and
4. Develop a process to maximize the use of existing incineration facilities in the State and increase the amount of Maine-sourced solid waste that is processed at those facilities annually and report its recommendations to the Joint Standing Committee on Energy, Utilities and Technology by January 1, 2014.

This bill was carried over to any special or regular session of the 126th Legislature by joint order, H.P. 1145, as amended by H-B (H-580) and H-C (H-582).

LD 1490 An Act To Amend the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Laws PUBLIC 320

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
SHERMAN	OTP-AM OTP-AM ONTP	S-211

This bill makes the following changes to the laws governing mandatory shoreland zoning.

1. It changes the laws regulating the circumstances under which nonconforming structures in the shoreland zone may be expanded.
2. It changes the basis of measurement for the "height of a structure" from the downhill side of the structure to the uphill side of the structure.

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3. It provides for exemptions from the current law governing excavation activity in a shoreland zone.
4. It eliminates the requirement that a code enforcement officer report essential transactions to the Department of Environmental Protection.
5. It amends the standards governing clearing of vegetation to create consistency between the statutory provisions and rules and provides an exemption from certain standards for remediation activities in specific shoreland zoning districts.
6. It adds definitions of "agriculture" and "footprint" and changes other definitions.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-211)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee.

1. It strikes the change to the definition of "height of a structure" proposed in the bill.
2. It amends the definition of "structure" to exclude poles, wiring and other aerial equipment normally associated with telephone or electrical utility lines.
3. It amends the standards related to the clearing of vegetation in the laws governing shoreland zoning and provides exceptions to those standards.

Committee Amendment "B" (S-212)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee. This report differs from the majority report in that it does not strike the change to the definition of "height of a structure" that is proposed in the bill.

1. It amends the definition of "structure" to exclude poles, wiring and other aerial equipment normally associated with telephone or electrical utility lines.
2. It amends the standards related to the clearing of vegetation in the laws governing shoreland zoning and provides exceptions to those standards.

This amendment was not adopted.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 320 makes the following changes to the laws governing mandatory shoreland zoning.

1. It changes the laws regulating the circumstances under which nonconforming structures in the shoreland zone may be expanded.
2. It provides for exemptions from the current law governing excavation activity in a shoreland zone.
3. It eliminates the requirement that a code enforcement officer report essential transactions to the Department of Environmental Protection.
4. It amends the standards governing clearing of vegetation to create consistency between the statutory provisions and rules and provides an exemption from certain standards for remediation activities in specific shoreland zoning districts.
5. It adds definitions of "agriculture" and "footprint" and changes other definitions.

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**LD 1497 An Act To Make Minor Changes and Corrections to Statutes
Administered by the Department of Environmental Protection**

PUBLIC 300

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
WELSH	OTP-AM OTP	H-300

This bill makes the following changes to the laws administered by the Department of Environmental Protection.

1. It removes references to the Land and Water Resources Council.
2. It removes a requirement that notice of environmental agency adjudicatory proceedings must include issuance of press releases and public service radio and television announcements.
3. It corrects references in statute to the "Maine Fuel Board."
4. It repeals a statutory reporting requirement of the Technical and Environmental Assistance Program that is administered by the Office of Pollution Prevention. The reporting requirement that is repealed is a requirement to prepare reports periodically on the status of the program for distribution to the public, the Legislature and other appropriate federal and state agencies.
5. It provides that air emission license fees must be assessed to support activities for "air quality control" instead of for "the Bureau of Air Quality Control."
6. Under the provision of law dealing with annual air emissions license fees, rock crushers regulated under a general permit from the department are subject to an annual fee not to exceed the minimum license fee otherwise established under the air emissions license statute. This bill extends that provision to all licensees regulated under a general permit, not just rock crushers.
7. It changes the cap for personal services under the Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund to \$4,500,000.
8. It clarifies that routine technical rulemaking establishing testing protocols and measurement methods related to emission standards for mercury is undertaken by the department in conformance with section 341-H.
9. It changes the date for implementing the low sulfur distillate fuel requirements from January 1 2016 to July 1, 2016.
10. It changes certain solid waste management reporting requirements of the department from biennial reports to annual reports and includes the reports in the annual solid waste generation and disposal capacity report.
11. It removes a reference to the Technical and Environmental Assistance Program in a directive for the department to assist municipalities with managing solid waste. It removes a grant preference for municipalities that participate in a household hazardous waste collection region. It repeals preferences for municipalities that participate in a household hazardous waste collection region.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-300)

This amendment is the majority report of the committee and provides that disbursements from the Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund for personal services may not exceed \$4,500,000 per year as adjusted by the Consumer Price Index. The bill capped personal services at \$4,500,000.

Enacted Law Summary

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Public Law 2013, chapter 300 makes the following changes to the laws administered by the Department of Environmental Protection.

1. It removes references to the Land and Water Resources Council.
2. It removes a requirement that notice of environmental agency adjudicatory proceedings must include issuance of press releases and public service radio and television announcements.
3. It corrects references in statute to the "Maine Fuel Board."
4. It repeals a statutory reporting requirement of the Technical and Environmental Assistance Program that is administered by the Office of Pollution Prevention. The reporting requirement that is repealed is a requirement to prepare reports periodically on the status of the program for distribution to the public, the Legislature and other appropriate federal and state agencies.
5. It provides that air emission license fees must be assessed to support activities for "air quality control" instead of for "the Bureau of Air Quality Control."
6. Under the provision of law dealing with annual air emissions license fees, rock crushers regulated under a general permit from the department are subject to an annual fee not to exceed the minimum license fee otherwise established under the air emissions license statute. Chapter 300 extends that provision to all licensees regulated under a general permit, not just rock crushers.
7. It provides that disbursements from the Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund for personal services may not exceed \$4,500,000 per year as adjusted by the Consumer Price Index.
8. It clarifies that routine technical rulemaking establishing testing protocols and measurement methods related to emission standards for mercury is undertaken by the department in conformance with section 341-H.
9. It changes the date for implementing the low sulfur distillate fuel requirements from January 1 2016 to July 1, 2016.
10. It changes certain solid waste management reporting requirements of the department from biennial reports to annual reports and includes the reports in the annual solid waste generation and disposal capacity report.
11. It removes a reference to the Technical and Environmental Assistance Program in a directive for the department to assist municipalities with managing solid waste. It removes a grant preference for municipalities that participate in a household hazardous waste collection region. It repeals preferences for municipalities that participate in a household hazardous waste collection region.

LD 1528 Resolve, To Provide for Livable, Affordable Neighborhoods

CARRIED OVER

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
CAMPBELL R BOYLE		

The purpose of this resolve is to encourage the preservation of and the development of livable, affordable neighborhoods. This resolve requires:

1. The Department of Transportation to review recommendations for roadway projects in urban areas that apply concepts and principles in the design of urban thoroughfares that emphasize walkable communities in order to

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facilitate the restoration of the multiple functions of urban streets and to develop recommendations regarding the incorporation of the concepts and principles into the Sensible Transportation Act. The department is directed to submit its recommendations, together with any necessary implementing legislation, to the Joint Standing Committee on Transportation by December 4, 2013;

2. The Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to develop a conservation development model designed to encourage the productive use of rural lands, provide traditional resource-based industries with opportunities for value-added business, provide rural towns with the financial ability to sustain local services and keep those who work the land free of conflicts with advancing suburban development. The department is directed to submit its recommendations, together with any necessary implementing legislation, to the Joint Standing Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry by December 4, 2013; and

3. The Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to develop a compact village development model designed to promote relatively high residential density with mixed land uses to serve as an alternative to low-density sprawl. The department is directed to submit its recommendations, together with any necessary implementing legislation, to the Joint Standing Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry by December 4, 2013.

This bill was carried over to any special or regular session of the 126th Legislature by joint order, H.P. 1145, as amended by H-B (H-580) and H-C (H-582).

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Not Enacted

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Aquatic pesticides

Enacted

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Enacted

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LD 1121 An Act To Promote the Production of Maine Beverages PUBLIC 259

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LD 124 An Act To Amend the Bottle Redemption Laws ONTP

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Not Enacted

LD 1212 An Act To Prohibit Coal Tar Pavement Products MAJORITY (ONTP) REPORT

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Enacted

LD 1497 An Act To Make Minor Changes and Corrections to Statutes Administered by the Department of Environmental Protection PUBLIC 300

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LD 331 Resolve, To Expand Economic Development in the Town of Orrington by Releasing Certain Riverfront Land from State-imposed Environmental Restrictions CARRIED OVER

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Enacted

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Energy

Not Enacted

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Enacted

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(ONTP) REPORT

LD 1302 An Act To Amend the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act To Protect Water Quality DIED BETWEEN
HOUSES

LD 1324 An Act To Protect Local Communities When a Mining Project Is Terminated MAJORITY
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LD 793 An Act Clarifying the Department of Environmental Protection's Authority Relating to Compensation for Development Activity under the Natural Resources Protection Act MAJORITY
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LD 794 An Act To Amend Setback Requirements and Standards Related to Species Migration under the Laws Regulating Development near Vernal Pools CARRIED OVER

LD 824 Resolve, Directing the Department of Environmental Protection To Develop a Rural Land Use Development Process ONTP

LD 1186 An Act To Allow Removal of Trees for Shoreline Stabilization Adjacent to Coastal Wetlands under the Natural Resources Protection Act ONTP

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Not Enacted

Oil - Waste motor oil

Not Enacted

LD 7	An Act To Equalize the Premiums Imposed on the Sale of Motor Vehicle Oil	MAJORITY (ONTP) REPORT
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Oil/Fuel

Enacted

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LD 453	An Act To Prohibit the Sale of Gasoline That Contains Corn-based Ethanol as an Additive at a Level Greater than 10 Percent by Volume	PUBLIC 69
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LD 1340	An Act To Ensure Maine's Preparedness for Hazardous Oil Spills	PUBLIC 349
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LD 1359	An Act To Update and Simplify Maine Gasoline Requirements	PUBLIC 221 EMERGENCY
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Not Enacted

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Enacted

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Enacted

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Enacted

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Enacted

Solid waste

Enacted

LD 694	An Act To Clarify Solid Waste Policy Relating to State-owned Disposal Facilities	PUBLIC 243
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Enacted

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Not Enacted

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Enacted

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Enacted

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Enacted

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Not Enacted

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